NAME

pdfroff - a macro for in-document control of pdfroff program features

DESCRIPTION

pdfroff is a wrapper program for the GNU text processing system, groff(1); its operation is supported by an accompanying macro, also named **pdfroff**, which provides capabilities for manipulation of a number of the **pdfroff**(1) program's feature control options, from within document source.

The **pdfroff**(1) program is designed to facilitate the publication of PDF documents, and incorporates features which offer specific support for the use of special PDF mark-up attributes. For documentation of the **pdfroff** program, see **pdfroff**(1); the remainder of this manual page documents the use of the **pdfroff** macro.

USAGE

The **pdfroff**(1) program requests loading of the **pdfroff** macro, from its macro library file, when it runs each of its **groff**(1) processing passes; thus, provided the program, and its requisite macro files, have been correctly installed, no specific user action is necessary, to make the macro available for use. On the other hand, the **pdfroff** macro is not intended to be loaded, *unless* requested by the **pdfroff**(1) program; thus, testing for an available definition of the **pdfroff** macro is an effective method of confirming that a given document is being processed by the **pdfroff**(1) program.

In addition to supporting the majority of groff(1) options — which are simply passed on to groff(1) itself — the pdfroff(1) program also supports a number of extra options, each of which is specific to the control of its own operation. Although any of these pdfroff(1) specific options may be specified on the command line, it may often be convenient to specify some of them from within the document source; this may be achieved by using the **pdfroff** macro:

.pdfroff option <equivalent-variable-name>[=<option-setting>]

As currently implemented, this macro supports control of only a few of the pdfroff(1) optional features. Those which *are* supported are limited to:

```
.pdfroff option preserve_blank_pages[=all|toc|body]
.pdfroff option toc_relocation[=auto|disabled|enabled]
.pdfroff option toc_file=< file-name>
```

The first of these is a direct analogue of the **pdfroff**(1)

--no-kill-null-pages[=all|toc|body]

command line option, which may be found useful to modify the default behaviour of removing *all* entirely blank pages from the document output stream; when preparing the document for printing on a duplex-capable device, it may be desireable to retain such pages, particularly within the document's *body* context.

The other forms of **pdfroff** macro usage relate to table of contents collation; the form:

.pdfroff option toc_relocation=auto

is a reflection of the default pdfroff(1) initial state, with respect to the pending operation of the traditional "print-at-end and collate manually" technique. In early (now obsolete) versions of pdfroff(1)this initial default state was equivalent to:

.pdfroff option toc_relocation=enabled

and it needed to be disabled, by invoking **pdfroff**(1) with its **-no-toc-relocation** command line option, when formatting documents which were not specifically engineered to make use of this collation technique. More recent (current) versions of **pdfroff**(1) now start in an initial default state which is equivalent to:

.pdfroff option toc_relocation=disabled

which is analogous to the state established by the **--no-toc-relocation** option, (thus making this option effectively redundant). The **enabled** state *must* now be requested, *explicitly*, for any document wishing to avail itself of the **pdfroff**(1) emulation of the "print-at-end and collate manually" technique;

the designation of the initial **disabled** state as **auto** is indicative that the enabling request:

.pdfroff option toc_relocation=enabled

is expected to originate in some macro, (possibly itself originating in a standardized package), which is associated with this collation technique.

Also associated with collation of tables of contents, but intended to facilitate the implementation of a — potentially more effective — alternative to the default pdfroff(1) "print-at-end" collation technique, a request in the form:

.pdfroff option toc_file=< file-name>

instructs **pdfroff**(1) to filter all single-line records of the form:

.toc anything ...

from its standard error data stream, and to write copies of these collected records into the named file; this may then be included within the groff(7) document input data stream, (using the *.so* request, for example), whence its content may be interpreted as a sequence of macro calls, to lay out a table of contents, at the point where the file is included.

The content of the named *toc_file* may be written by inserting **.tm** requests, at appropriate points within the document source, in the form:

.tm .toc record content . . .

In this case, the record *must* begin with the **.toc** request keyword, but the remainder of the "*record content*..." is at the discretion of the document author, who must also assume responsibility for defining the **.toc** macro, which will subsequently interpret that record content, when it is read back from the document source input stream.

Alternatively, the document author may elect to adopt a macro package, such as a derivative of the **groff_toc**(7) framework, both to write the content of the named *toc_file*, and to interpret that content, when it is read back, (although it may still be necessary to write additional macros, to facilitate the interpretation); in this case, the form of the content will be dictated by the chosen macro implementation.

CONTROL REGISTERS

While processing any **groff**(7) input data stream, **pdfroff**(1) initializes a register named **PHASE**, and passes it to each invocation of **groff**(1) which it initiates; the particular value passed to each invocation depends on the particular phase of **pdfroff**(1) processing in which the invocation occurs:

- 0. **pdfroff**(1) is analysing the document layout, compiling a reference dictionary, and optionally, collecting table of contents records; the **pdfroff** macro will produce output *only* when the **PHASE** register is in this state, (or is undefined).
- 1. **pdfroff**(1) is compiling a table of contents section, emulating the "print-at-end with manual collation" technique, for eventual inclusion in the finished document.
- 2. **pdfroff**(1) is formatting the body of the document, which will ultimately be combined with any front-matter, which may have been compiled as directed by the **--stylesheet** option, and with any separately compiled table of contents, to produce the finished document.

When running **pdfroff**(1), the definition of the **pdfroff** macro is accompanied by *two* mnemonic register definitions, namely **PDF-TOC-ONLY**, and **PDF-BODY-ONLY**. These may used in any context where a mnemonic representation of the **PHASE** value for phases 1, and 2 respectively, is desired; each of these, together with the **PHASE** register itself, should be considered to be *constant valued*.

FILES

/usr/local/share/groff/site-tmac/pdfroff.tmac

This implements the **pdfroff** macro, and defines the mnemonic registers, **PDF-TOC-ONLY**, and **PDF-BODY-ONLY**; it is loaded *automatically*, when **pdfroff**(1) invokes **groff**(1).

CAVEATS AND BUGS

The **pdfroff** macro is an experimental feature, which was introduced in the 20030406.1 release of *groff-pdfmark*; it is *not* supported in any version of **pdfroff**(1) from any earlier release, (including the obsolete version which continues to be distributed by the GNU Troff project).

Only a few of the **pdfroff**(1) command line options may be controlled using the **pdfroff** macro; the subset for which this is possible is limited to those described in the **USAGE** section, above.

There is (currently) no **pdfroff**(1) command line equivalent for the macro assignment:

.pdfroff option toc_file=<file-name>

consequently, if such an assignment is required, it may only be assigned by use of the pdfroff macro.

Only minimal validation of **pdfroff** macro arguments is performed. A warning diagnostic will be issued, if the first argument is not a valid keyword, (with only **option** being considered as valid, at present). Beyond this, any arbitrary text will be accepted for the *<equivalent-variable-name>* and its associated *<option-setting>* arguments; however, the assignment will be silently ignored, if the *<equivalent-variable-name>* does not match one of those documented in the **USAGE** section, while the behaviour will be undefined if the *<equivalent-variable-name>* does match one of those documented, but the associated *<option-setting>* does not match any of the expected values.

Although it is stipulated, in the **CONTROL REGISTERS** section, that each of the **PHASE**, **PDF-TOC-ONLY**, and **PDF-BODY-ONLY** registers should be considered to be *constant valued*, the **groff**(7) language provides no mechanism to enforce this; consequently, users are cautioned that they should avoid changing the value of any of these registers, as the effect of doing so may result in undefined behaviour.

EXAMPLES

To verify that a particular document is being processed by **pdfroff**(1):

```
.if !d pdfroff \
```

ab "Please use pdfroff to format this document."

To maintain correct recto/verso pagination, by insertion of, and non-removal of entirely blank pages, when printing hard-copy using both sides of the paper, (i.e. duplex printing), follow the preceding verification check with:

```
.if duplex .pdfroff option preserve_blank_pages=all
```

and specify -duplex as a command line option, when invoking **pdfroff**(1).

AUTHORS

The **pdfroff** macros are provided by the *groff-pdfmark* package, which was written by Keith Marshall (keith@users.osdn.me); it is independently maintained at Keith's *groff-pdfmark* OSDN web-site (https://osdn.net/users/keith/pf/groff-pdfmark/wiki/FrontPage), whence the latest version may *always* be obtained.

SEE ALSO

groff(1), pdfroff(1), groff(7), groff_pdfmark(7), groff_toc(7)

More comprehensive documentation, on the use of **pdfroff**, and the *groff-pdfmark* macro suite may be found, in PDF format, in the reference guide "*Portable Document Format Publishing with GNU Troff*", which has also been written by Keith Marshall; the most recently published version of this guide may be read online, at the *groff-pdfmark* OSDN web-site (https://osdn.net/users/keith/pf/groff-pdfmark/ wiki/FrontPage), whence a copy may also be downloaded.